

# Actives vs passives: A global perspective on the current debate

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# Theme 1

- 1. Since the 2008 crisis, a vast majority of active funds have struggled to outperform their market benchmarks. But it is inadvisable to write off active management. Passive funds have their own issues.**

***“The active-passive debate is far more nuanced than suggested by the media discussion. It also ignores the role of technology in bringing about a convergence between them.”***

A US Pension Plan

# Pro-active funds

*“I can’t believe that that the great mass of investors are going to be satisfied with an ultimate goal of just achieving average returns.”*



**Ned Johnson, Chairman of Fidelity Investments**

Talking to *Boston Globe* three years after **Vanguard** rolled out the first index mutual fund in 1976

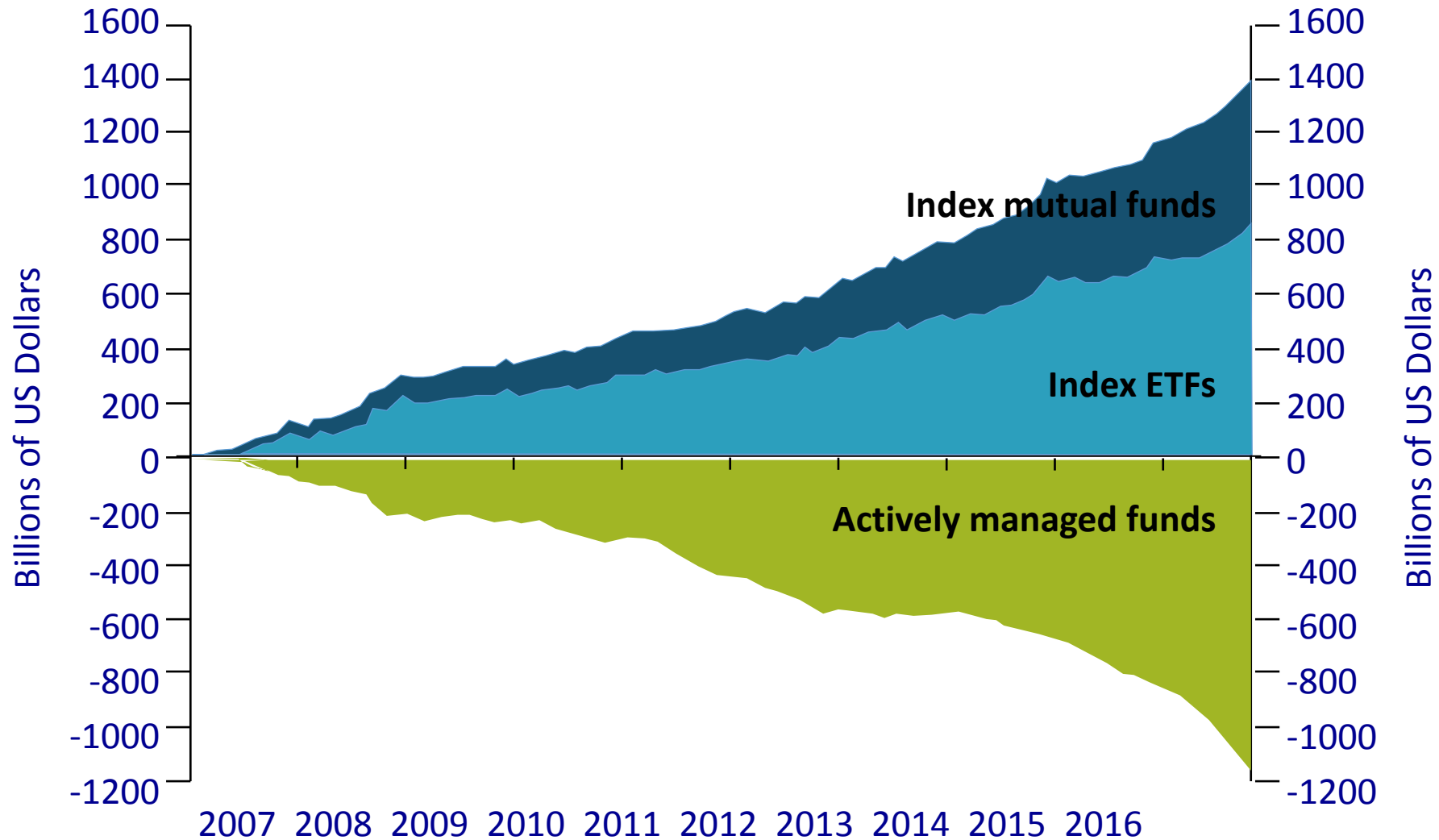
# Pro-passive funds

*“Most of the money I am leaving for my wife in a trust after my death is to be invested in an S&P 500 tracker. I believe the trust’s long-term result from this policy will be superior to those attained by most investors who employ high-fee managers.”*



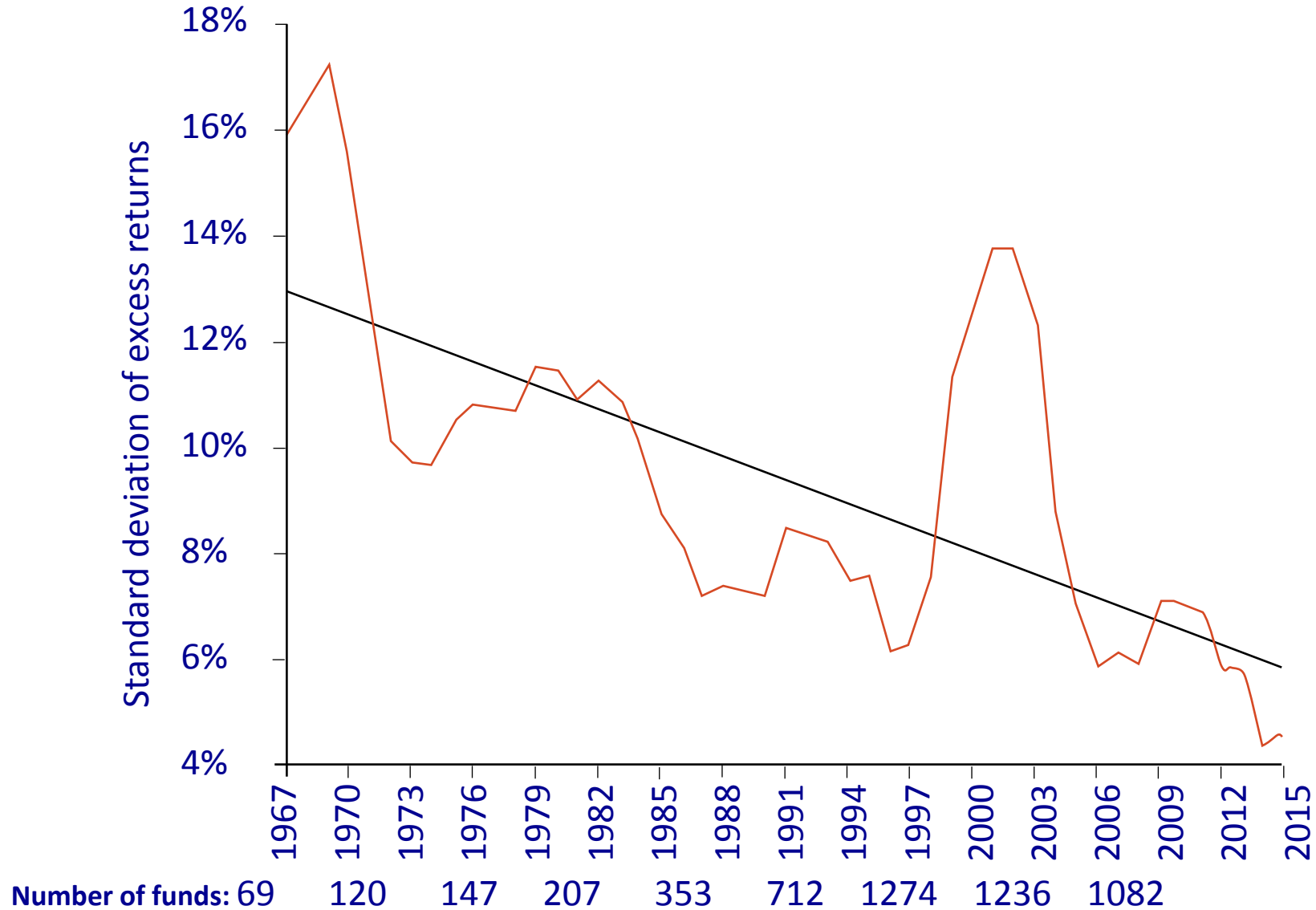
Warren Buffett  
Berkshire Hathaway Annual Letter, 2014

# Flows from active to passive funds in US equities

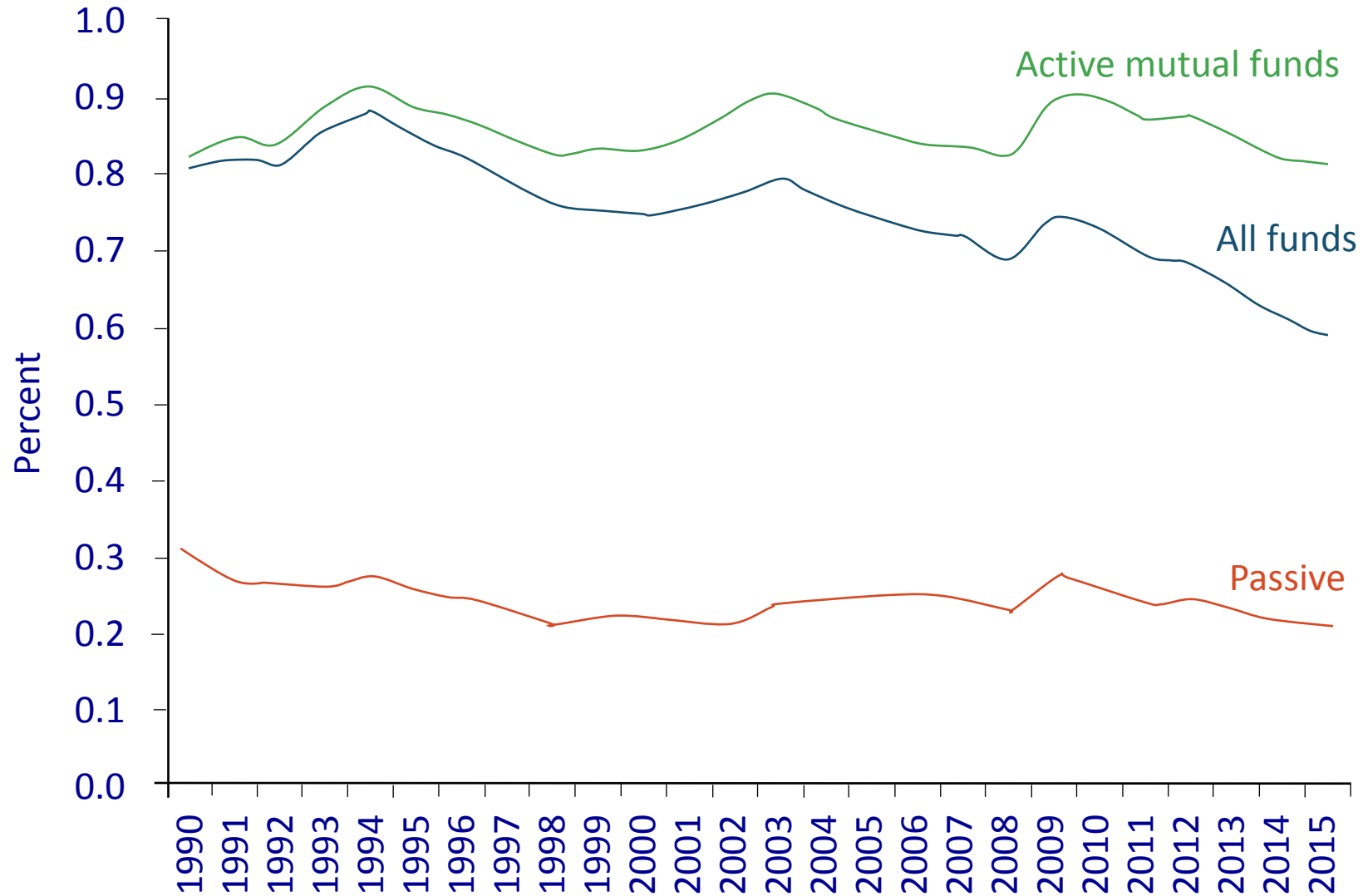


Note: US domestic equity funds; figure as of 30 Nov 2016

# Decline in standard deviation of excess returns for US large capitalised funds

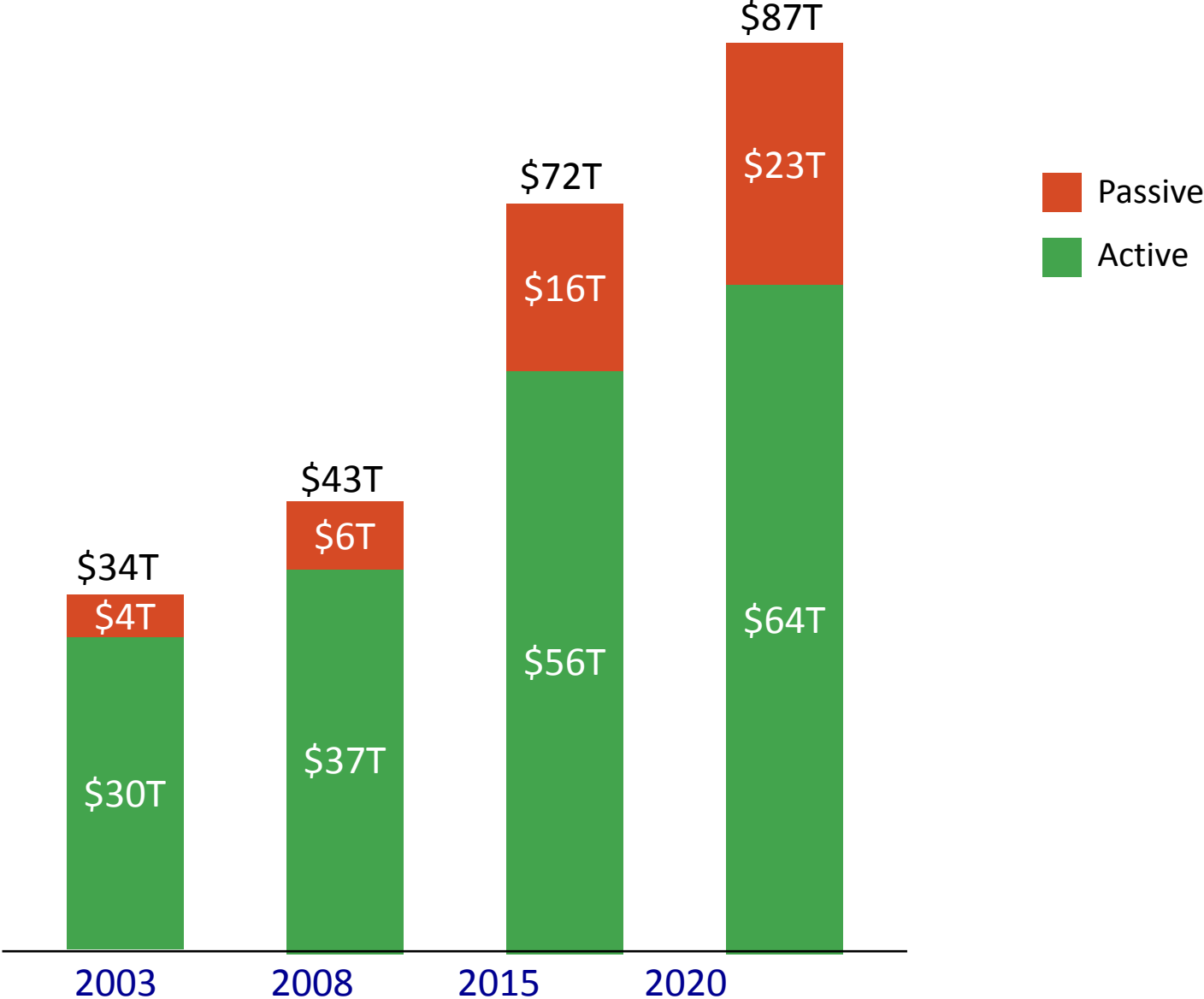


# Fees on US equity mutual funds



Note: Weighted by AuM, passive includes index funds and passive ETFs

# Global AuM: active vs passive

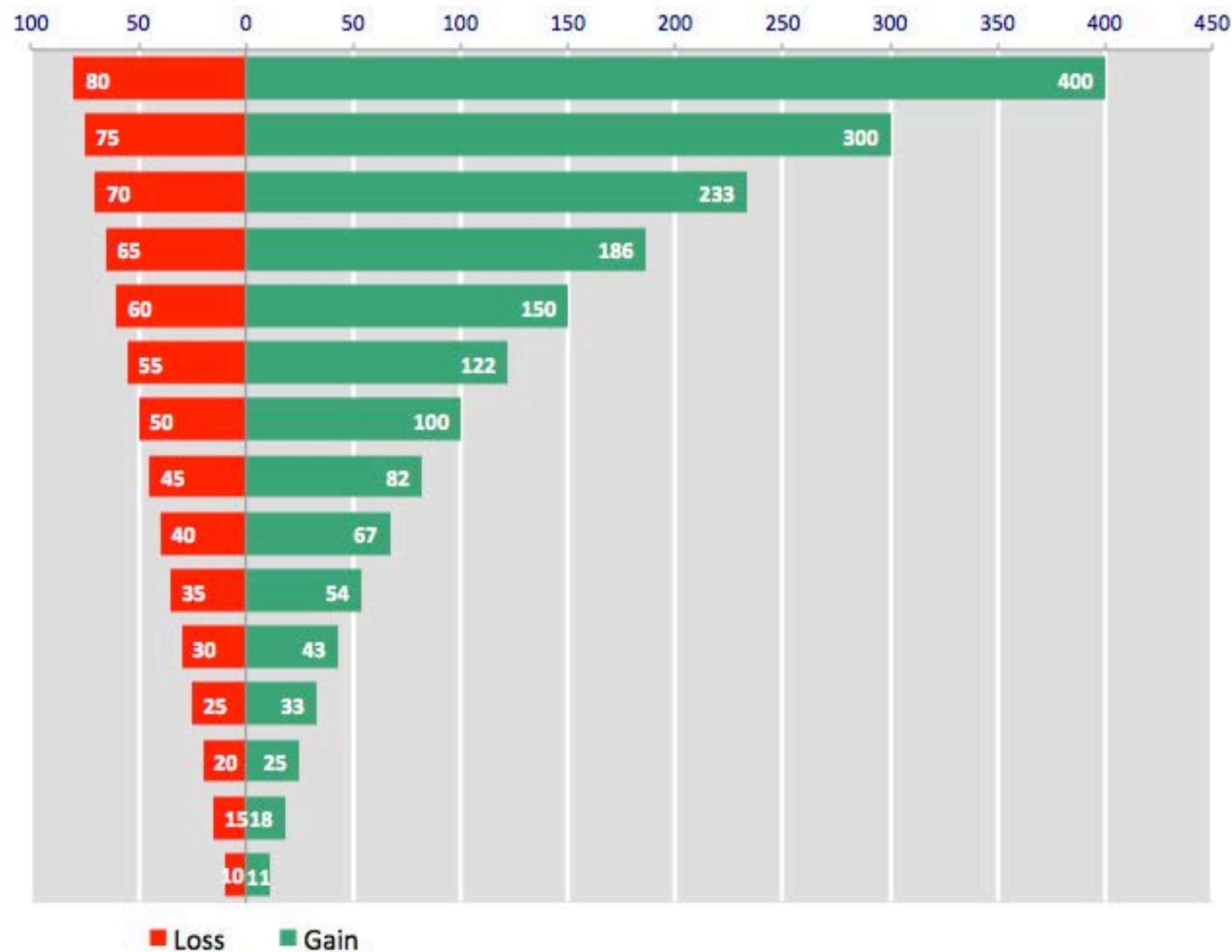


Source: Greenwich Associates 2016; BCG Global Asset Management 2016



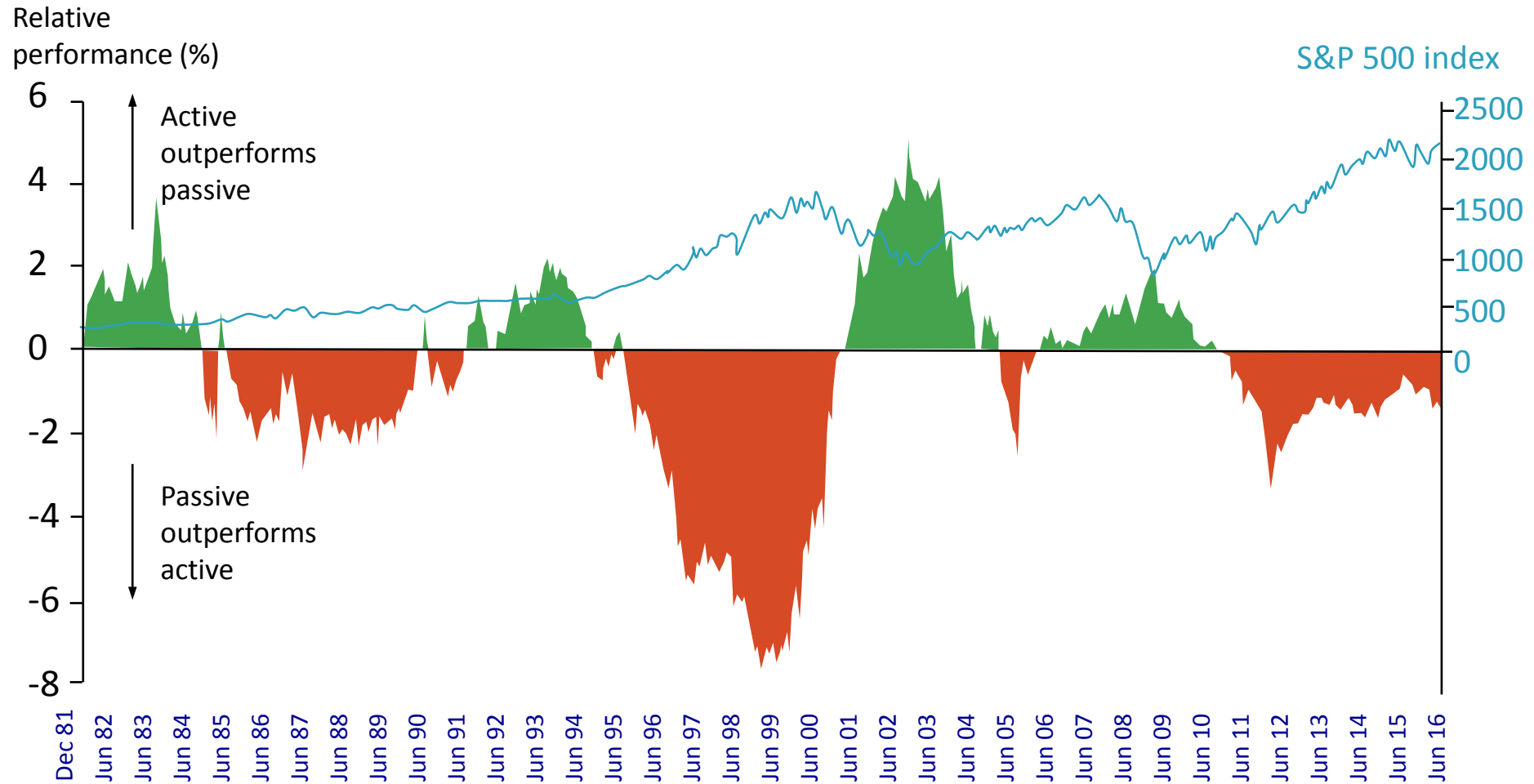
# Drawdown containment is critical in a low return world

Gain needed to break even after a loss (%)



# Performance of active and passive funds has been cyclical

## Difference in performance between large cap active and passive funds



The analysis of monthly rolling 3 year returns for the period 31Dec1981-30Jun2016

# Factor investing will change the contours of the asset industry helped by artificial intelligence and machine learning

1. **Big data will revolutionise factor investing due to their sheer variety, volume and velocity**
2. **A new people-machine interface will emerge. Humans will still make judgement calls on which factors to select, when to underweight or over weight, or when to switch them off**
3. **Machine learning is set to revolutionise investing, creating a clear distinction between “*commoditised*” alpha and “*pure*” alpha**
4. **Artificial intelligence will industrialise investing and favour those managers with technology, scale and reach**

***“Systematic strategies based on factor investing will have the unstoppable momentum of a super tanker. They have worked well for us“***

**A Danish Pension Plan**

# Theme 2

**1. Since the 2008 crisis, a vast majority of active funds have struggled to outperform their market benchmarks**

**2. An era of low interest rates in America and Europe has seen innovation in asset allocation approaches**

*“Investing in an era of negative yields is like learning to drive a car backwards. There are no precedents or history books to guide us.”*

A Swedish Pension Plan

# 1. Greater diversification outside the traditional 60:40 equity/bond portfolios

% of respondents

Retail investors	
• Multi-asset class funds	63
• Funds with income focus	60
• Passive bonds/equity funds	60
• Regulated mutual funds	55
• Exchange traded funds (ETFs)	44

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High Net Worth investors	
• Real estate	63
• Actively managed equities/bonds	56
• Private equity	55
• Hedge funds	54
• Multi-asset class funds	54
• Passive bonds/equity funds	52

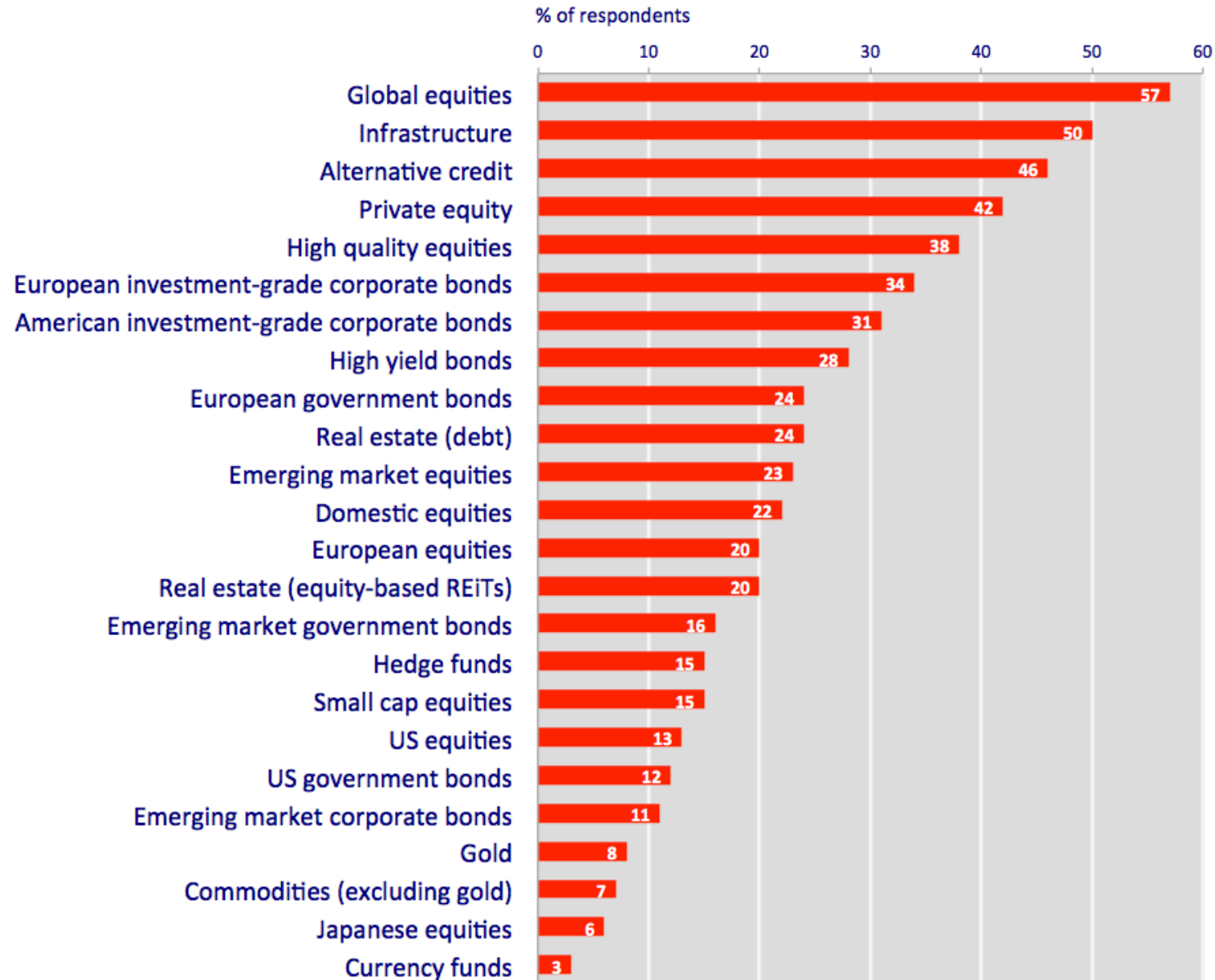
% of respondents

DB investors	
• Passive bonds/equity funds	70
• Global equities	69
• Real estate (debt and equity)	68
• Infrastructure	65
• Low variance equities	62
• Developed market government bonds	58
• Alternative credit	56

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DC investors	
• Diversified income funds	68
• Passive bonds/equity funds	66
• Target date retirement funds	60
• Target income retirement funds	58
• Diversified growth funds	52
• Actively managed equity-bond funds	42

## 2. Higher risk appetite by going into equities and alternatives



# 3. Search for surrogate assets with equity like returns and bond like features

